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HERES

RESULTS REPORT

BFA0102

CLINIC DONOR INFORMATION

Center Name: BRIGHTON FERTILITY Initials:

Center Code: FG58 Patient Code: BFA0102

Phone: 01273620165 D.O.B:
Clinician: Dra. Chambers Sex: Male

Report Date: 20/09/2019

<u>Test information</u> <u>Sample information</u>

Test: HERES Code:
Type of test: SEQ-M-Heres V1-Full Panel M Barcode:

Genes tested: 277 Specimen type: Saliva

Collection Date: 23/08/2019 Reception Date: 26/08/2019

SUMMARY OF RESULTS: MUTATIONS IDENTIFIED

CONDITION and GENE	INHERITANCE	BFA0102
Alpha-1-Antitrypsin Deficiency SERPINA1	Autosomal Recessive	Carrier Mutation: c.1096G>A (p.Glu366Lys)

Reproductive Risk and following considerations:

Reproductive Risk has been detected. Consider partner carrier testing

INTERPRETATION

Notes and Recommendations:

The test results indicate that this individual is a CARRIER. Genetic counseling is strongly recommended to discuss reproductive risk and prenatal testing options.

- Based on these results, you are positive for carrier mutations in 1 gene. The risk estimates for Autosomal Recessive diseases given below
 are quantified based on general population carrier frequencies. Carrier screening for the reproductive partner is recommended to accurately
 assess this risk:
 - There is a 1/132 chance of having a child affected with Alpha-1-Antitrypsin Deficiency, a SERPINA1-related condition.
- Testing for copy number changes in the *SMN1* gene was performed to screen for your carrier status for Spinal Muscular Atrophy. 2 copies of the *SMN1* gene were detected. These results are within the normal range for non-carriers. See Limitations section for more information.
- This carrier screening test does not screen for all possible genetics conditions, nor for all possible mutations in every gene tested. Individuals with negative test results may still have up to a 3-4% risk to have a child with a birth defect due to genetic and/or environmental factors.
- · Patients may wish to discuss any carrier results with blood relatives, as there is an increased chance that they are also carriers.



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ALPHA-1-ANTITRYPSIN DEFICIENCY

PATIENT	BFA0102
Result	Carrier
Variant Details	SERPINA1 (NM_000295.4) c.1096G>A (p.Glu366Lys)
Methodology	NGS

What is Alpha-1-Antitrypsin Deficiency?

Alpha-1 antitrypsin (A1AT) deficiency is a genetic disorder that causes the lung disease emphysema in adults (ages 40-60) and liver disease, typically presenting as cirrhosis and/or fibrosis, in adults and sometimes children. The earliest symptoms of lung disease are shortness of breath following mild activity, reduced ability to exercise, and wheezing. Other signs and symptoms can include unintentional weight loss, recurring respiratory infections, fatigue, and rapid heartbeat upon standing. Affected individuals often develop emphysema, which is a lung disease caused by damage to the small air sacs in the lungs (alveoli). The first signs of emphysema often appear between the ages of 40 and 50 in smokers with the disease. Non-smokers with A1AT deficiency may develop emphysema symptoms in the sixth or seventh decade of life. It is important to note that not everyone with the genetic changes that cause A1AT develop symptoms of the condition. The people most at risk are those who smoke cigarettes. Liver disease is present in around 15% of all individuals with A1AT and can develop at any age. Approximately 2%- 10% of infants with A1AT have liver symptoms, typically presenting as jaundice (yellowing of the skin).

What is my risk to have an affected child?

Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency is inherited in an autosomal recessive manner. The risk for being a carrier for Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency is 1/33. Individuals of Caucasian/European descent have an increased carrier risk of 1/19. If the patient and the partner are both carriers, the risk for an affected child is 1 in 4 (25%).

What is the prognosis/treatment?

The first signs of emphysema often appear between the ages of 40 and 50 in smokers with the disease. Non-smokers with A1AT deficiency may develop emphysema symptoms in the sixth or seventh decade of life. It is important to note that not everyone with the genetic changes that cause A1AT develop symptoms of the condition. If liver disease develops, monitoring liver function and treatment of immediate symptoms can help alleviate the disease. Some individuals may require a liver transplant if significant damage occurs.

Which mutation has been detected?

This variant, p.Glu366Lys (also reported as p.Glu342Lys or PiZ (Z allele)), is the most common disease allele associated with alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency (AATD) (PubMed: 6306478, 20981092, 19738092, 23858502). Heterozygous carriers of the p.Glu366Lys/p.Glu342Lys/PiZ allele are reported to have decreased serum AAT concentrations that are ~61% of those in noncarriers (PubMed: 19083091, 23632999). AATD is a mild condition, and many heterozygous and homozygous individuals are asymptomatic.



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ANALYZED and INFORMED GENES

 $HERES\ CarrierScreening\ test.\ 277\ genes\ tested\ (99.32\%\ of\ coding\ bases\ at\ >20x).\ For\ more\ specific\ information\ on\ genes\ and\ calculation\ of\ coding\ bases\ at\ >20x).$ residual risk see ADDITIONAL TABLE.

ABCA12	CEP290	FAM161A	IDUA	PC	SLC26A3
ABCA4	CERKL	FANCA	IKBKAP	PCCA	SLC26A4
ABCB11	CFTR	FANCC	IVD	PCCB	SLC35A3
ABCC8	CHRNE	FANCG	KCNJ11	PCDH15	SLC37A4
ACADM	CHRNG	FH	LAMA3	PDHB	SLC39A4
ACADS	CIITA	FKRP	LAMB3	PEX1	SLC3A1
ACADVL	CLN5	FKTN	LAMC2	PEX10	SLC45A2
ACAT1	CLN6	G6PC	LCA5	PEX2	SLC4A11
ACOX1	CLN8	GAA	LHCGR	PEX6	SLC7A7
ADA	CLRN1	GALC	LIFR	PEX7	SLC7A9
ADAMTS2	COL4A3	GALK1	LIPA	PFKM	SMN1
AGA	COL4A4	GALNS	LOXHD1	PHGDH	SMPD1
AGL	COL7A1	GALT	LPL	PKHD1	SRD5A2
AGXT	CPT1A	GAMT	LRPPRC	PMM2	STAR
AIRE	CPT2	GBA	LYST	POLG	SUMF1
ALDH3A2	CTNS	GBE1	MAN2B1	POMGNT1	TAT
ALDOB	CTSC	GCDH	MCCC1	POR	TCIRG1
ALG6	CTSK	GDF5	MCCC2	PPT1	TECPR2
ALPL	CYBA	GJB2	MCOLN1	PROP1	TFR2
AMH	CYP11B1	GLB1	MED17	PTS	TGM1
AMHR2	CYP11B2	GLDC	MEFV	PUS1	TH
AMT	CYP17A1	GNE	MFSD8	PYGM	TMEM216
ARG1	CYP19A1	GNPTAB	MKS1	RAB23	TPP1
ARSA	CYP1B1	GNS	MLC1	RAG2	TRIM32
ARSB	CYP21A2	GRHPR	MLYCD	RAPSN	TRMU
ASL	CYP27A1	GUCY2D	MMAA	RARS2	TSEN54
ASNS	DBT	GUSB	MMAB	RDH12	TTC37
ASPA	DCLRE1C	HADHA	MMACHC	RLBP1	TTPA
ASS1	DHCR7	HADHB	MPI	RMRP	TYMP
ATM	DHDDS	HAX1	MPL	RPE65	TYR
ATP6V1B1	DLD	HBA1	MPV17	RTEL1	TYRP1
ATP7B	DNAI1	HBA2	MTTP	SACS	UGT1A1
BBS1	DNAI2	HBB	MUT	SEPSECS	USH1C
BBS10	DOK7	HEXA	MYO15A	SERPINA1	USH2A
BBS12	DYSF	HEXB	MYO7A	SGCA	VPS13A
BBS2	EIF2AK3	HFE2	NAGLU	SGCB	VPS13B
BCHE	EIF2B5	HGD	NBN	SGCD	VPS53
BCKDHA	ERCC6	HGSNAT	NDUFS6	SGCG	VRK1
BCKDHB	ERCC8	HLCS	NEB	SGSH	VSX2
BCS1L	ETFA	HMGCL	NPC1	SLC12A3	WRN
BLM	ETFB	HOGA1	NPC2	SLC12A6	XPA
BRIP1	ETFDH	HPS1	NPHS1	SLC17A5	XPC
BSND	ETHE1	HPS3	NPHS2	SLC22A5	
BTD	EVC	HPS4	NR2E3	SLC25A13	
CAPN3	EVC2	HSD17B3	NTRK1	SLC25A15	
	EXOSC3	HSD17B4	OPA3	SLC25A20	

METHODS



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Genomic DNA was isolated from the submitted specimen indicated above (if cellular material was submitted). DNA was barcoded, and enriched for the coding exons of targeted genes using hybrid capture technology. Prepared DNA libraries were then sequenced using a Next Generation Sequencing technology. Following alignment, variants were detected in regions of at least 10x coverage. For this specimen, 99.35% and 99.32% of coding regions and splicing junctions of genes listed had been sequenced with coverage of at least 10x and 20x respectively or by Sanger sequencing. The remaining regions did not have 10x coverage, and were not evaluated. Variants were interpreted manually using locus specific databases, literature searches, and other molecular biological principles. All the variants with quality score less than 500 (roughly 40x of coverage for a heterozygous variant) will be confirmed by Sanger sequencing. Only variants classified as pathogenic, likely-pathogenic are reported. All genes listed were evaluated for large deletions and/or duplications. However, single exon deletions or duplications will not be detected in this assay, nor will copy number alterations in regions of genes with significant pseudogenes (see Gene Specific Limitations below). Putative deletions or duplications identified are confirmed by an orthogonal method (qPCR or MLPA). If included in the panel, *FMR1* repeat analysis is performed by repeat-primed PCR (rpPCR) and amplicon length analysis. Methylation studies are not performed. Variants are classified using the ACMG Guidelines for Sequence Variant Interpretation (PubMed: 27993330) unless otherwise specified.

GENERAL LIMITATIONS

These test results and variant interpretation are based on the proper identification of the submitted specimen, accuracy of any stated familial relationships, and use of the correct human reference sequences at the queried loci. In very rare instances, errors may result due to mix-up or comingling of specimens. Positive results do not imply that there are no other contributors, genetic or otherwise, to future pregnancies, and negative results do not rule out the genetic risk to a pregnancy. Official gene names change over time. Fulgent uses the most up to date gene names based on HUGO Gene Nomenclature Committee (https://www.genenames.org) recommendations. If the gene name on report does not match that of ordered gene, please contact the laboratory and details can be provided. Result interpretation is based on the available clinical and family history information for this individual, collected published information, and Alamut annotation available at the time of reporting. This assay is not designed or validated for the detection of low-level mosaicism or somatic mutations. This assay will not detect certain types of genomic aberrations such as translocations, inversions, or repeat expansions other than specified genes. DNA alterations in regulatory regions or deep intronic regions (greater than 20bp from an exon) may not be detected by this test. Unless otherwise indicated, no additional assays have been performed to evaluate genetic changes in this specimen. There are technical limitations on the ability of DNA sequencing to detect small insertions and deletions. Our laboratory uses a sensitive detection algorithm; however these types of alterations are not detected as reliably as single nucleotide variants. Rarely, due to systematic chemical, computational, or human error, DNA variants may be missed. Although next generation sequencing technologies and our bioinformatics analysis significantly reduce the confounding contribution of pseudogene sequences or other highly-homologous sequences, sometimes these may still interfere with the technical ability of the assay to identify pathogenic alterations in both sequencing and deletion/duplication analyses. Deletion/duplication analysis can identify alterations of genomic regions which include one whole gene (buccal swab specimens and whole blood specimens) and are two or more contiguous exons in size (whole blood specimens only); single exon deletions or duplications may occasionally be identified, but are not routinely detected by this test. When novel DNA duplications are identified, it is not possible to discern the genomic location or orientation of the duplicated segment; hence the effect of the duplication cannot be predicted. Where deletions are detected, it is not always possible to determine whether the predicted product will remain in-frame or not. Unless otherwise indicated, deletion/duplication analysis has not been performed in regions that have been sequenced by Sanger.

GENE SPECIFIC LIMITATIONS:

CFTR

Analysis of the intron 8 polymorphic region (e.g. IVS8-5T allele) is only performed if the p.Arg117His (R117H) mutation is detected.

CYP11B1

The current testing method is not able to reliably detect certain pathogenic variants in this gene due to significant interference by the highly homologous gene, CYP11B2. This analysis is not designed to detect or rule-out the chimeric CYP11B1/CYP11B2 gene.

CYP11B2

The current testing method is not able to reliably detect certain pathogenic variants in this gene due to significant interference by the highly homologous gene, CYP11B1. This analysis is not designed to detect or rule-out the chimeric CYP11B1/CYP11B2 gene.

CYP21A2

Significant pseudogene interference and/or reciprocal exchanges between the *CYP21A2* gene and its pseudogene, *CYP21A1P*, have been known to occur and may impact results. As such, the relevance of variants reported in this gene must be interpreted clinically in the context of this individual's clinical findings, biochemical profile, and family history.

GBA

The current testing method may not be able to reliably detect certain pathogenic variants in the GBA gene due to homologous recombination between the pseudogene and the functional gene.

HBA1

The phase of heterozygous alterations in the HBA1 gene and the HBA2 gene cannot be determined, but can be confirmed through parental testing.



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HBA2

The phase of heterozygous alterations in the HBA1 gene and the HBA2 gene cannot be determined, but can be confirmed through parental testing.

NEB

This gene contains a 32-kb triplicate region (exons 82-105) which is not amenable to sequencing and deletion/duplication analysis.

SMN1

The current testing method detects sequencing variants in exon 7 and copy number variations in exons 7-8 of the *SMN1* gene (NM_022874.2). Sequencing and deletion/duplication analysis are not performed on any other region in this gene. About 5%-8% of the population have two copies of *SMN1* on a single chromosome and a deletion on the other chromosome, known as a [2+0] configuration (PubMed: 20301526). The current testing method cannot directly detect carriers with a [2+0] *SMN1* configuration, but can detect linkage between the silent carrier allele and certain population-specific single nucleotide changes. As a result, a negative result for carrier testing greatly reduces but does not eliminate the chance that a person is a carrier. The 3-copy *SMN1* state can be detected by this test and will be reported out if present.

SIGNATURE:

Montserrat Palahi Bages M.Sc. Col. 21913-C

Results based on Fulgent Genetics report FT-1947387-FT-TS144215AA

DISCLAIMER

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Fulgent Genetics. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA. The laboratory is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. Since genetic variation, as well as systematic and technical factors, can affect the accuracy of testing, the results of testing should always be interpreted in the context of clinical and familial data. For assistance with interpretation of these results, healthcare professionals may contact us directly at (+34-93-241-77-24) or at heres@fullgenomics.es. It is recommended that patients receive appropriate genetic counseling to explain the implications of the test result, including its residual risks, uncertainties and reproductive or medical options.







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Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child**	
ABCA12	AR	Congenital Ichthyosis: ABCA12	General	<1/500	98%	1/24951	<1/49902000	
ABCA4	AR	Stargardt Disease	General	1/51	98%	1/2501	1/510204	
ABCB11	AR	Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis: Type 2	General	1/112	98%	1/5551	1/2486848	
ABCC8	AR	Familial hyperinsulinism, ABCC8-related	General Ashkenazi Jewish Finnish Middle-Eastern	1/112 1/44 1/25 1/25	98% 98% 98% 98%	1/5551 1/2151 1/1201 1/1201	1/2486848 1/378576 1/120100 1/120100	
ACADM	AR	Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency	General East Asian European Native American	1/69 1/198 1/52 1/43	98% 99% 99% 96%	1/3401 1/19701 1/5101 1/1051	1/938676 1/15603192 1/1061008 1/180772	
ACADS	AR	Short-chain acyl-coA dehydrogenase (SCAD) deficiency	General African African American Middle-Eastern European South Asian/Indian	1/85 1/52 1/52 1/52 1/76 1/51	99% 99% 99% 99% 99%	1/8401 1/5101 1/5101 1/5101 1/7501 1/5001	1/2856340 1/1061008 1/1061008 1/1061008 1/2280304 1/1020204	
ACADVL	AR	Very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (VLCAD) deficiency	General Middle-Eastern Native American South Asian/Indian	1/118 1/74 1/61 1/73	93% 93% 93% 93%	1/1672 1/1044 1/858 1/1030	1/789184 1/309024 1/209352 1/300760	
ACAT1	AR	3-ketothiolase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000	
ACOX1	AR	Peroxisomal acyl-CoA oxidase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000	
ADA	AR	Adenosine deaminase deficiency	General	1/224	93%	1/3187	1/2855552	
ADAMTS2	AR	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, Dermatosparaxis type VIIC	General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/248	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/12351	<1/49902000 1/12252192	
AGA	AR	Aspartylglucosaminuria	General Finnish	<1/500 1/71	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/3501	<1/49902000 1/994284	
AGL	AR	Glycogen storage disease type III	General Faroese Inuit North African Jewish	1/158 1/28 1/25 1/37	95% 95% 95% 95%	1/3141 1/541 1/481 1/721	1/1985112 1/60592 1/48100 1/106708	
AGXT	AR	Primary hyperoxaluria type 1	General European	1/120 1/173	99% 99%	1/11901 1/17201	1/5712480 1/11903092	
AIRE	AR	Autoimmune polyendocrinopathy syndrome type I	General Finnish	1/150 1/79	98% 98%	1/7451 1/3901	1/4470600 1/1232716	
ALDH3A2 ALDOB	AR AR	Sjögren-Larsson syndrome Hereditary fructose intolerance	General General African American African European Middle-Eastern	1/250 1/122 1/250 1/250 1/67 1/97	98% 99% 99% 99% 99%	1/12451 1/12101 1/24901 1/24901 1/6601 1/9601	1/12451000 1/5905288 1/24901000 1/24901000 1/1769068 1/3725188	
ALG6	AR	Congenital disorder of glycosylation type Ic	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000	
ALPL	AR	Hypophosphatasia	General European Mennonite	1/158 1/274 1/25	95% 95% 95%	1/3141 1/5461 1/481	1/1985112 1/5985256 1/48100	
AMH	AR	Persistent Mullerian Duct Syndrome: Type I	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000	
AMHR2	AR	Persistent Mullerian Duct Syndrome: Type II	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000	
AMT	AR	Glycine Encephalopathy: AMT Related	General Finnish	1/373 1/117	98% 98%	1/18601 1/5801	1/27752692 1/2714868	
ARG1	AR	Arginase deficiency	General	1/296	98%	1/14751	1/17465184	
ARSA	AR	Metachromatic leukodystrophy	General European	1/100 1/78	95% 95%	1/1981 1/1541	1/792400 1/480792	
ARSB	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome)	General Western Australian	1/250 1/283	98% 98%	1/12451 1/14101	1/12451000 1/15962332	
ASL	AR	Argininosuccinate lyase deficiency	General	1/132	90%	1/1311	1/692208	
ASNS ASPA	AR AR	Asparagine synthetase deficiency Canavan disease	General General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/300	98% 97%	<1/24951 1/9968	<1/49902000 1/11961600	
ASS1	AR	Citrullinemia	General East Asian	1/55 1/119 1/132	96% 96% 96%	1/1351 1/2951 1/3276	1/297220 1/1404676 1/1729728	
ATM	AR	Ataxia-telangiectasia	General	1/100	92%	1/1239	1/495600	
ATP6V1B1	AR	Renal tubular acidosis with deafness	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000	
ATP7B	AR	Wilson disease	General European Ashkenazi Jewish	1/87 1/42 1/70	98% 98% 98%	1/4301 1/2051 1/3451	1/1496748 1/344568 1/966280	
BBS1	AR, DG	Bardet-Biedl syndrome type 1	General	1/367	99%	1/36601	1/53730268	
BBS10	AR, DG	Bardet-Biedl syndrome type 10	General	1/395	99%	1/39401	1/62253580	
BBS12	AR, DG	Bardet-Biedl syndrome type 12	General	1/791	99%	1/79001	1/249959164	
BBS2	AR, DG	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 2	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/621 1/107	99% 99%	1/62001 1/10601	1/154010484 1/4537228	
BBS2	AR, DG	Retinitis Pigmentosa 74	General	1/621	99%	1/62001	<1/10000000	







Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child*
			Ashkenazi Jewish	1/107	99%	1/10601	1/4537228
BCHE	AR	Pseudocholinesterase Deficiency	General	1/28	99%	1/2701	1/302512
BCKDHA	AR	Maple syrup urine disease type la	General Mennonite	1/321 1/10	98% 98%	1/16001 1/451	1/20545284 1/18040
BCKDHB	AR	Maple syrup urine disease type Ib	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/364 1/97	98% 98%	1/18151 1/4801	1/26427856 1/1862788
BCS1L	AR	Björnstad syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	1/24951	<1/49902000
BCS1L	AR	GRACILE syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
BCS1L	AR	Mitochondrial complex III deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	1/24951	<1/49902000
BLM	AR	Bloom syndrome	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/800 1/134	87% 99%	1/6147 1/13301	1/19670400 1/7129336
BRIP1	AR	Fanconi Anemia: Type J	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
BSND	AR	Bartter syndrome	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
BTD	AR	Biotinidase deficiency	General European Latino Middle-Eastern	1/124 1/71 1/136 1/55	99% 99% 99% 99%	1/12301 1/7001 1/13501 1/5401	1/6101296 1/1988284 1/7344544 1/1188220
CAPN3	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy type 2A	General European	<1/500 1/103	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/5101	<1/49902000 1/2101612
CBS	AR	Homocystinuria due to cystathionine beta-synthase deficiency	General European Middle-Eastern	1/224 1/86 1/21	99% 99% 99%	1/22301 1/8501 1/2001	1/19981696 1/2924344 1/168084
CDH23	AR, DG	Usher syndrome, type 1D	General	1/285	90%	1/2841	1/3238740
CEP290	AR	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 14	General	1/190	98%	1/9451	1/7182760
CEP290	AR	Joubert syndrome 5	General	1/190	98%	1/9451	1/7182760
CEP290	AR	Leber congenital amaurosis 10	General	1/190	98%	1/9451	1/7182760
CEP290	AR	Meckel syndrome 4	General	1/190	98%	1/9451	1/7182760
CEP290	AR	Senior-Løken syndrome 6	General	1/190	98%	1/9451	1/7182760
CEP290	AR	CEP290-related disorders	General	1/190	98%	1/9451	1/7182760
CERKL	AR	Retinitis Pigmentosa 26	General	1/148	98%	1/7351	1/4351792
CFTR	AR	Cystic fibrosis	General African American African Ashkenazi Jewish European East Asian Latino	1/32 1/61 1/61 1/24 1/25 1/94	99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99%	1/3101 1/6001 1/6001 1/2301 1/2401 1/9301 1/5701	1/396928 1/1464244 1/1464244 1/220896 1/240100 1/3497176 1/1322632
CHRNE	AR	Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, CHRNE-related	General	1/408	99%	1/40701	1/66424032
CHRNG	AR	Multiple pterygium syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
CIITA	AR	Bare lymphocyte syndrome, type II	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
CLN5	AR	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, CLN5-related	General Finnish	<1/500 1/115	95% 95%	<1/9981 1/2281	<1/19962000 1/1049260
CLN6	AR	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, CLN6-related	General	<1/500	92%	<1/6239	<1/12478000
CLN8	AR	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, CLN8-related	General Finnish	<1/500 1/135	95% 95%	<1/9981 1/2681	<1/19962000 1/1447740
CLRN1	AR	Usher syndrome, type 3A	General Ashkenazi Jewish Finnish	1/500 1/120 1/70	98% 98% 98%	1/24951 1/5951 1/3451	1/49902000 1/2856480 1/966280
COL4A3	AR, DG	Alport syndrome, COL4A3-related	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/267 1/188	98% 98%	1/13301 1/9351	1/14205468 1/7031952
COL4A4	AR, DG	Alport syndrome, COL4A4-related	General	1/267	98%	1/13301	1/14205468
COL7A1	AR	Dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa	General	1/196	97%	1/6501	1/5096784
CPT1A	AR	Carnitine palmitoyltransferase IA deficiency	General Hutterite	1/354 1/16	90% 90%	1/3531 1/151	1/4999896 1/9664
CPT2	AR	Carnitine palmitoyltransferase II deficiency	General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/51	95% 95%	<1/9981 1/1001	<1/19962000 1/204204
CTNS	AR	Cystinosis	General British	1/158 1/81	99% 99%	1/15701 1/8001	1/9923032 1/2592324
CTSC	AR	Papillon-Lefevre Syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
CTSK	AR	Pycnodysostosis	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
CYBA	AR	Chronic granulomatous disease	General	1/224	99%	1/22301	1/19981696
CYP11B1	AR	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia due to 11-beta-hydroxylase deficiency	General Morrocan Jewish	1/158 1/35	98% 98%	1/7851 1/1701	1/4961832 1/238140
CYP11B2	AR	Corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
CYP17A1	AR	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia due to 17-alpha-hydroxylase deficiency	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	<1/10000000
CYP19A1	AR	Aromatase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
CYP1B1	AR	Primary congenital glaucoma	General	1/50	99%	1/4901	1/980200
CYP21A2	AR	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia due to 21- hydroxylase	General	1/61	99%	1/6001	1/1464244







Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child**
		deficiency	Inuit Middle-Eastern	1/9 1/35	99% 99%	1/801 1/3401	1/28836 1/476140
CYP27A1	AR	Cerebrotendinous xanthomatosis	General Morrocan Jewish	1/500 1/5	98% 98%	1/24951 1/201	1/49902000 1/4020
DBT	AR	Maple syrup urine disease type II	General	1/481	98%	1/24001	1/46177924
DCLRE1C	AR	Severe combined immunodeficiency with sensitivity to ionizing radiation	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
DHCR7	AR	Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome	General African American African Ashkenazi Jewish	1/30 1/138 1/138 1/36	96% 96% 96% 96%	1/726 1/3426 1/3426 1/876	1/87120 1/1891152 1/1891152 1/126144
DHDDS	AR	Retinitis Pigmentosa 59	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/296 1/118	98% 98%	1/14751 1/5851	1/17465184 1/2761672
DLD	AR	Dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase deficiency	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/500 1/107	98% 98%	1/24951 1/5301	1/49902000 1/2268828
DNAI1	AR	Primary ciliary dyskinesia, DNAI1-related	General	1/230	98%	1/11451	1/10534920
DNAI2	AR	Primary ciliary dyskinesia, DNAI2-related	General	1/447	98%	1/22301	1/39874188
DOK7	AR	Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome: DOK7 Related	General	1/472	98%	1/23551	1/44464288
DYSF	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy type 2B	General Japanese Libyan Jewish	<1/500 1/332 1/18	95% 95% 95%	1/9981 1/6621 1/341	<1/19962000 1/8792688 1/24552
EIF2AK3	AR	Wolcott-Rallison syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
EIF2B5	AR	Leukoencephalopathy with vanishing white matter	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
ERCC6	AR	Cockayne syndrome type B	General Japanese	1/500 1/74	99% 99%	1/49901 1/7301	1/99802000 1/2161096
ERCC6	AR	De Sanctis-Cacchione syndrome	General Japanese	1/500 1/74	99% 99%	1/49901 1/7301	1/99802000 1/2161096
ERCC8	AR	Cockayne syndrome type A	General	1/822	98%	1/41051	1/134975688
ETFA	AR	Glutaric aciduria IIA	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
ETFB	AR	Glutaric aciduria IIB	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
ETFDH	AR	Glutaric aciduria IIC	General East Asian	1/250 1/74	98% 98%	1/12451 1/3651	1/12451000 1/1080696
ETHE1	AR	Ethylmalonic encephalopathy	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
EVC	AR	Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, EVC-related	General Amish	1/142 1/7	98% 98%	1/7051 1/301	1/4004968 1/8428
EVC	AR	Weyers acrofacial dysostosis, EVC-related	General Amish	1/142 1/7	98% 98%	1/7051 1/301	1/4004968 1/8428
EVC2	AR	Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, EVC2-related	General Amish	1/240 1/7	98% 98%	1/11951 1/301	1/11472960 1/8428
EVC2	AR	Weyers acrodental dysostosis, EVC2-related	General Amish	1/240 1/7	98% 98%	1/11951 1/301	1/11472960 1/8428
EXOSC3	AR	Pontocerebellar hypoplasia type 1B	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
FAH	AR	Tyrosinemia, type 1	General Ashkenazi Jewish Finnish French Canadian South Asian/Indian	1/99 1/150 1/122 1/66 1/172	95% 95% 95% 95% 95%	1/1961 1/2981 1/2421 1/1301 1/3421	1/776556 1/1788600 1/1181448 1/343464 1/2353648
FAM161A	AR	Retinitis Pigmentosa 28	General	1/296	98%	1/14751	1/17465184
FANCA FANCC	AR AR	Fanconi anemia group C	General General	1/239 1/535	98%	1/11901 1/53401	1/11377356 1/114278140
EANICO	AF	Faces is a series of the control of	Ashkenazi Jewish	1/99	99%	1/9801	1/3881196
FANCG	AR	Fanconi anemia group G	General	1/632	90%	1/6311	1/15954208
FH	AR	Fumarase deficiency	General	<1/500	90%	<1/4991	<1/9982000
FKRP	AR	Muscular dystrophy-dystroglycanopathy, FKRP- related	General	1/158	98%	1/7851	1/4961832
FKTN	AR	Fukuyama congenital macular dystrophy	General Ashkenazi Jewish Japanese	<1/500 1/150 1/82	99% 99% 99%	1/49901 1/14901 1/8101	<1/99802000 1/8940600 1/2657128
FKTN	AR	Muscular dystrophy-dystroglycanopathy, FKTN-related	General Ashkenazi Jewish Japanese	<1/500 1/150 1/82	99% 99% 99%	<1/49901 1/14901 1/8101	<1/99802000 1/8940600 1/2657128
G6PC	AR	Glycogen Storage disease, type 1a	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/177 1/64	95% 95%	1/3521 1/1261	1/2492868 1/322816
GAA	AR	Pompe disease	General African American African East Asian	1/100 1/60 1/60 1/112	98% 98% 98% 98%	1/4951 1/2951 1/2951 1/5551	1/1980400 1/708240 1/708240 1/2486848
GALC	AR	Krabbe disease	General Israeli Druze	1/158 1/6	99% 99%	1/15701 1/501	1/9923032 1/12024
GALK1	AR	Galactokinase deficiency	General Irish	1/110 1/64	95% 95%	1/2181 1/1261	1/959640 1/322816
GALNS	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis IVA (Morquio syndrome A)	General	1/224	97%	1/7434	1/6660864







Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child**
GALT	AR	Galactosemia	General African African American	1/110 1/94 1/94	95% 95% 95%	1/2181 1/1861 1/1861	1/959640 1/699736 1/699736
GAMT	AR	Guanidinoacetate methyltransferase deficiency	General	1/371	99%	1/37001	1/54909484
GBA	AR	Gaucher disease	General African African American Ashkenazi Jewish	1/77 1/35 1/35 1/15	99% 99% 99% 99%	1/7601 1/3401 1/3401 1/1401	1/2341108 1/476140 1/476140 1/84060
GBE1	AR	Glycogen storage disease IV	General	1/387	99%	1/38601	1/59754348
GCDH	AR	Glutaric aciduria, type I	General Amish	1/87 1/9	98% 98%	1/4301 1/401	1/1496748 1/14436
GDF5	AR	Du Pan Syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
GJB2	AR, DG	Nonsyndromic hearing loss, GJB2-related	General African African American Ashkenazi Jewish European Latino Middle-Eastern South Asian/Indian	1/42 1/25 1/25 1/21 1/33 1/100 1/83 1/148	99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99% 99%	1/4101 1/2401 1/2401 1/2001 1/3201 1/9901 1/8201 1/14701	1/688968 1/240100 1/240100 1/168084 1/422532 1/3960400 1/2722732 1/8702992
GLB1	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVB (Morquio syndrome B)	General Maltese Roma	1/134 1/30 1/50	99% 99% 99%	1/13301 1/2901 1/4901	1/7129336 1/348120 1/980200
GLB1	AR	GM1-gangliosidosis	General Maltese Roma	1/134 1/30 1/50	99% 99% 99%	1/13301 1/2901 1/4901	1/7129336 1/348120 1/980200
GLDC	AR	Glycine encephalopathy, GLDC-related	General British Columbia Canadian Finnish	1/193 1/125 1/117	98% 99% 99%	1/9601 1/12401 1/11601	1/7411972 1/6200500 1/5429268
GNE	AR	Inclusion body myopathy type 2 (Nonaka myopathy)	General Iranian Jewish	<1/500 1/11	80% 80%	<1/2496 1/51	<1/4992000 1/2244
GNPTAB	AR	Mucolipidosis II alpha/beta	General	<1/500	95%	<1/9981	<1/19962000
GNPTAB	AR	Mucolipidosis III alpha/beta	General	<1/500	95%	<1/9981	<1/19962000
GNS	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis IIID (Sanfilippo syndrome D)	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
GRHPR	AR	Primary Hyperoxaluria type II	General	<1/500	99%	1/49901	<1/99802000
GUCY2D	AR	Leber Congenital amaurosis 1: GUCY2D-Related	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
GUSB	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis type VII (Sly syndrome)	General	1/250	98%	1/12451	1/12451000
HADHA	AR	Long-chain 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase (LCHAD) deficiency	General Finnish	<1/500 1/124	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/6151	<1/49902000 1/3050896
HADHA	AR	Trifunctional Protein Deficiency	General Finnish	<1/500 1/124	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/6151	<1/49902000 1/3050896
HADHB	AR	Mitochondrial Trifunctional Protein Deficiency: HADHB Related	General Finnish	<1/500 1/124	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/6151	<1/49902000 1/3050896
HAX1	AR	Severe Congenital Neutropenia, HAX1-related	General	1/224	98%	1/11151	1/9991296
HBA1	AR	Alpha thalassemia	General African African American Ashkenazi Jewish East Asian Middle-Eastern South Asian/Indian	1/20 1/3 1/3 1/13 1/43 1/8 1/3	90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90%	1/191 1/21 1/21 1/121 1/71 1/21 1/41	1/15280 1/252 1/252 1/6292 1/2272 1/252 1/820
HBA2	AR	Alpha thalassemia	General African African American Ashkenazi Jewish East Asian Middle-Eastern South Asian/Indian	1/20 1/3 1/3 1/13 1/8 1/3 1/5	90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90%	1/191 1/21 1/21 1/121 1/121 1/21 1/41	1/15280 1/252 1/252 1/6292 1/2272 1/252 1/820
HBB	AR	Beta thalassemia	General African African American East Asian Latino Mediterranean South Asian/Indian	1/158 1/10 1/10 1/50 1/128 1/3 1/25	95% 95% 95% 95% 95% 95%	1/3141 1/181 1/181 1/981 1/2541 1/41 1/481	1/1985112 1/7240 1/7240 1/196200 1/1300992 1/492 1/48100
HBB	AR	Sickle cell disease	General African African American East Asian Latino Mediterranean South Asian/Indian	1/158 1/10 1/10 1/50 1/128 1/3 1/25	95% 95% 95% 95% 95% 95%	1/3141 1/181 1/181 1/981 1/2541 1/41 1/481	1/1985112 1/7240 1/7240 1/196200 1/1300992 1/492 1/48100
HBB	AR	Hemoglobinopathy: Hb C	General African African American	1/158 1/10 1/10	95% 95% 95%	1/3141 1/181 1/181	1/1985112 1/7240 1/7240







Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability o having an affected child
			East Asian Latino Mediterranean	1/50 1/128 1/3	95% 95% 95%	1/981 1/2541 1/41	1/196200 1/1300992 1/492
			South Asian/Indian	1/25	95%	1/481	1/48100
HEXA	AR	Tay-Sachs disease	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/300 1/27	99% 99%	1/29901 1/2601	1/35881200 1/280908
HEXB	AR	Sandhoff disease	General	1/600	98%	1/29951	1/71882400
IFE2	AR	Hemochromatosis, type 2A	General	1/500	99%	1/49901	1/99802000
lGD .	AR	Alkaptonuria	General	1/250	90%	1/2491	1/2491000
HGSNAT	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis type IIIC (Sanfilippo syndrome C)	General European	1/434 1/345	98% 98%	1/21651 1/17201	1/37586136 1/23737380
ILCS	AR	Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
HMGCL	AR	3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA lyase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
IOGA1	AR	Primary hyperoxaluria type III	General	1/184	99%	1/18301	1/13469536
IPS1	AR	Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 1	General Puerto Rican	1/354 1/21	98% 98%	1/17651 1/1001	1/24993816 1/84084
IPS3	AR	Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 3	General	1/354	98%	1/17651	1/24993816
IPS4	AR	Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 4	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
ISD17B3	AR	17-Beta-Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase deficiency	General Palestinian	1/192 1/8	98% 98%	1/9551 1/351	1/7335168 1/11232
ISD17B4	AR	D-bifunctional protein deficiency	General	1/158	98%	1/7851	1/4961832
ISD 17B4 ISD3B2	AR	Congenital adrenal hyperplasia due to 3-beta- hydroxysteroid	General	<1/500	98%	1/24951	<1/10000000
DUA	AR	dehydrogenase 2 deficiency Mucopolysaccharidosis, type I (Hurler syndrome)	General	<1/500	95%	<1/9981	<1/19962000
KBKAP	AR	Familial dysautonomia	European General	1/153 1/300	95% 99%	1/3041	1/1861092 1/35881200
NDIVAP	AK	ramiliai uysautonomia	Ashkenazi Jewish	1/31	99%	1/3001	1/372124
/D	AR	Isovaleric acidemia	General African	1/167 1/100	90% 90%	1/1661 1/991	1/1109548 1/396400
			African American	1/100	90%	1/991	1/396400
			European	1/115	90%	1/1141	1/524860
			East Asian	1/407	90%	1/4061	1/6611308
CNJ11	AR	Permanent neonatal diabetes mellitus	General European	1/423 1/232	99% 99%	1/42201 1/23101	1/71404092 1/21437728
CNJ11	AR	Familial Hyperinsulinism, Type 2, KCNJ11 Related	General European	1/423 1/232	99% 99%	1/42201 1/23101	1/71404092 1/21437728
AMA3	AR	Junctional epidermolysis bullosa, LAMA3-related	General	1/781	98%	1/39001	1/121839124
АМАЗ	AR	Laryngo-onycho-cutaneous syndrome	General	1/781	98%	1/39001	1/121839124
AMB3	AR	Junctional epidermolysis bullosa, LAMB3-related	General	1/781	98%	1/39001	1/121839124
AMC2	AR	Junctional epidermolysis bullosa, LAMC2-related	General	1/781	98%	1/39001	1/121839124
CA5	AR	Leber congenital amaurosis 5	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
HCGR	AR	Leydig Cell Hypoplasia (Luteinizing Hormone Resistance)	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
IFR	AR	Stuve-Wiedemann syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
IPA	AR	Lysosomal acid lipase deficiency	General European	<1/500 1/112	99% 99%	<1/49901 1/11101	<1/99802000 1/4973248
OXHD1	AR	Nonsyndromic hearing loss, LOXHD1-related	General	1/500	98%	1/24951	1/49902000
PL	AR	Lipoprotein Lipase Deficiency	Ashkenazi Jewish General	1/180 1/500	98% 99%	1/8951 1/49901	1/6444720 1/99802000
<i>,</i> _	AIX	Elpoprotein Elpase Deliciency	French Canadian	1/46	99%	1/4501	1/828184
RPPRC	AR	Leigh syndrome with Complex IV deficiency	General Faroese	1/447 1/21	98% 98%	1/22301 1/1001	1/39874188 1/84084
			French Canadian	1/22	98%	1/1051	1/92488
YST	AR	Chediak-Higashi syndrome	General	<1/500	90%	<1/4991	<1/9982000
IAN2B1	AR	Alpha-mannosidosis	General European	1/354 1/274	99% 99%	1/35301 1/27301	1/49986216 1/29921896
ICCC1	AR	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase 1 deficiency (3- MCC deficiency)	General	1/95	98%	1/4701	1/1786380
ICCC2	AR	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase 2 deficiency (3- MCC deficiency)	General	1/95	98%	1/4701	1/1786380
ICOLN1	AR	Mucolipidosis IV	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/300 1/100	99% 99%	1/29901 1/9901	1/35881200 1/3960400
MED17	AR	Postnatal progressive microcephaly with seizures and brain	General	<1/500	99%	<1/49901	<1/99802000
MEFV	AR	atrophy Familial Mediterranean fever	General	1/20	99%	1/1901	1/152080
.===:			Mediterranean	1/7	90%	1/61	1/1708
1FSD8	AR	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, MFSD8-related	General	<1/500	95%	<1/9981	<1/19962000
	A D	Meckel syndrome 1	General	1/260	98%	1/12951	1/13469040
IKS1	AR	Weeker Syndrome 1	Finnish	1/47	98%	1/2301	1/432588







Tuset, 23 6-^a1^a 08006-Barcelona

Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child
MKS1	AR	Joubert syndrome 28	General Finnish	1/260 1/47	98% 98%	1/12951 1/2301	1/13469040 1/432588
/LC1	AR	Megalencephalic leukoencephalopathy with subcortical cysts	General	<1/500	97%	<1/16634	<1/33268000
1LYCD	AR	Malonyl-CoA Decarboxylase Deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
1MAA	AR	Methylmalonic aciduria, cblA type	General	1/301	97%	1/10001	1/12041204
1MAB	AR	Methylmalonic aciduria, cblB type	General	1/435	98%	1/21701	1/37759740
MACHC	AR	Methylmalonic aciduria and homocystinuria, cblC type	General	1/134	90%	1/1331	1/713416
1PI	AR	Congenital disorder of glycosylation type lb	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
1PL	AR	Congenital amegakaryocytic thrombocytopenia	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/102 1/55	98% 98%	1/5051 1/2701	1/2060808 1/594220
1PV17	AR	Hepatocerebral mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome, MPV17-related	General Native American	<1/500 1/20	96% 96%	1/12476 1/476	<1/24952000 1/38080
ITTP	AR	Abetalipoproteinemia	General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/180	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/8951	<1/49902000 1/6444720
MUT	AR	Methylmalonic acidemia, MUT-related	General East Asian Middle-Eastern	1/195 1/53 1/52	96% 96% 96%	1/4851 1/1301 1/1276	1/3783780 1/275812 1/265408
MYO15A	AR	Nonsyndromic Hearing Loss and Deafness: MYO15A Related	General Balinese Pakistani	1/500 1/6 1/77	98% 98% 98%	1/24951 1/251 1/3801	1/49902000 1/6024 1/1170708
MYO7A	AR	Non-syndromic hearing loss, MYO7A-related	General East Asian	1/206 1/62	98% 98%	1/10521 1/3051	1/8669304 1/756648
MYO7A	AR	Usher syndrome, type 1B	General East Asian	1/206 1/62	98% 98%	1/10251 1/3051	1/8446824 1/756648
VAGLU	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis type IIIB (Sanfilippo syndrome B)	General European East Asian	<1/500 1/346 1/298	99% 99% 99%	<1/49901 1/34501 1/29701	<1/99802000 1/47749384 1/35403592
NBN NDUFS6	AR AR	Nijmegen breakage syndrome Mitochondrial complex I deficiency (Leigh syndrome), NDUFS6-related	General General	1/158 <1/500	99% 98%	1/15701 <1/24951	1/9923032 <1/49902000
IEB	AR	Nemaline myopathy	General Amish Ashkenazi Jewish Finnish	1/112 1/11 1/108 1/112	98% 98% 98% 98%	1/5551 1/501 1/5351 1/5551	1/2486848 1/22044 1/2311632 1/2486848
VPC1	AR	Niemann-Pick disease, type C1	General	1/194	90%	1/1931	1/1498456
IPC2	AR	Niemann-Pick disease, type C2	General	1/194	99%	1/19301	1/14977576
IPHS1	AR	Congenital nephrotic syndrome, type 1	General Finnish	1/289 1/50	98% 98%	1/14401 1/2451	1/16647556 1/490200
IPHS2	AR	Congenital nephrotic syndrome, type 2	General Finnish	1/289 1/50	98% 98%	1/14401 1/2451	1/16647556 1/490200
IR2E3	AR	Enhanced S-cone syndrome	General	1/209	98%	1/10401	1/8695236
IR2E3	AR	Retinitis Pigmentosa 37	General	1/209	98%	1/10401	1/8695236
ITRK1	AR	Congenital insensitivity to pain with anhidrosis	General	<1/500	99%	<1/49901	<1/99802000
PA3	AR	Costeff syndrome	General Iraqi Jewish	<1/500 1/50	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/2451	<1/10000000 1/490200
PAH	AR	Phenylalanine hydroxylase deficiency (Phenylketonuria)	General European Middle-Eastern South East Asian	1/93 1/63 1/74 1/59	99% 99% 99% 99%	1/9201 1/6201 1/7301 1/5801	1/3422772 1/1562652 1/2161096 1/1369036
PC .	AR	Pyruvate carboxylase deficiency	General	1/250	95%	1/4981	1/4981000
PCCA	AR	Propionic acidemia, PCCA-related	General Native American	1/224 1/85	96% 96%	1/5576 1/2101	1/4996096 1/714340
CCB	AR	Propionic acidemia, PCCB-related	General Native American	1/224 1/85	99% 99%	1/22301 1/8401	1/19981696 1/2856340
CDH15	AR, DG	Non-syndromic hearing loss, PCDH15-related	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/395 1/72	98% 98%	1/19701 1/3551	1/31127580 1/1022688
CDH15	AR, DG	Usher syndrome, type 1F	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/395 1/72	98% 98%	1/19701 1/3551	1/31127580 1/1022688
DHB	AR	Pyruvate dehydrogenase E1-beta deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
EX1	AR	Zellweger syndrome, PEX1-related	General	1/147	95%	1/2921	1/1717548
EX10	AR	Zellweger syndrome, PEX10-related	General Japanese	1/500 1/354	95% 95%	1/9981 1/7061	1/19962000 1/9998376
PEX2	AR	Zellweger syndrome, PEX2-related	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/500 1/123	95% 95%	1/9981 1/2441	1/19962000 1/1200972
EX6	AR	Zellweger syndrome, PEX6-related	General	1/280	95%	1/5581	1/6250720
EX7	AR	Rhizomelic chondrodysplasia punctata, type 1	General	1/158	99%	1/15701	1/9923032
FKM	AR	Glycogen storage disease VII	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
HGDH	AR	Phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase deficiency	General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/280	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/13951	<1/49902000 1/15625120
PKHD1	ΔR	Polycystic kidney disease PKHD1-related	General	1/70	98%	1/3/151	1/966280

General

PKHD1

1/966280

1/3451

1/70

98%

Polycystic kidney disease, PKHD1-related







Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child*
			Ashkenazi Jewish	1/107	98%	1/5301	1/2268828
PMM2	AR	Congenital disorder of glycosylation type 1a	General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/57	99% 99%	<1/49901 1/5601	<1/99802000 1/1277028
DO1 0	4.0		European	1/71	99%	1/7001	1/1988284
POLG	AR	Alpers- Huttenlocher syndrome	General	1/113	95%	1/2241	1/1012932
POLG	AR	Progressive external ophthalmoplegia	General	1/113	95%	1/2241	1/1012932
POLG	AR	Ataxia neuropathy spectrum	General	1/113	95%	1/2241	1/1012932
POLG	AR	POLG-Related Disorders	General	1/113	95%	1/2241	1/1012932
POLG	AR	Myocerebrohepatopathy syndrome	General	1/113	95%	1/2241	1/1012932
POMGNT1	AR	Muscular dystrophy-dystroglycanopathy	General Finnish	1/462 1/111	98% 98%	1/23051 1/5501	1/42598248 1/2442444
POMGNT1	AR	Retinitis Pigmentosa 76	General Finnish	1/462 1/111	98% 98%	1/23051 1/5501	1/42598248 1/2442444
POMGNT1	AR	POMGNT1-related disorders	General Finnish	1/462 1/111	98% 98%	1/23051 1/5501	1/42598248 1/2442444
POR	AR	Antley-Bixler Syndrome	General	1/159	98%	1/7901	1/5025036
PPT1	AR	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, PPT1-related	General	1/368	98%	1/18351	1/27012672
			European Finnish	1/488 1/75	98% 98%	1/24351 1/3701	1/47533152 1/1110300
PROP1	AR	Combined pituitary hormone deficiency 2	General	1/45	98%	1/2201	1/396180
PTS	AR	Tetrahydrobiopterin deficiency	General	1/354	96%	1/8826	<1/10000000
PUS1	AR	Mitochondrial myopathy and sideroblastic anemia 1	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
PYGM	AR	Glycogen storage disease type V	General	<1/500	99%	<1/49901	<1/99802000
			European	1/206	99%	1/20501	1/16892824
RAB23	AR	Carpenter syndrome	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
RAG2	AR	Omenn syndrome, RAG2-related	General	1/137	98%	1/6801	1/3726948
RAPSN	AR	Congenital myasthenic syndrome, RAPSN-related	General	<1/500	99%	<1/49901	<1/99802000
RAPSN	AR	Fetal akinesia deformation sequence	General	<1/500	99%	<1/49901	<1/99802000
RARS2	AR	Pontocerebellar hypoplasia type 6	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
RDH12	AR	Leber congenital amaurosis type 13	General European	<1/500 1/456	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/22751	<1/49902000 1/41497824
RLBP1	AR	Retinal dystrophy: RLBP1-Related	General	1/296	98%	1/14751	1/17465184
RMRP	AR	Anauxetic dysplasia	European General Amish	1/84 <1/500 1/16	98% 99% 99%	1/4151 <1/49901 1/1501	1/1394736 <1/99802000 1/96064
RMRP	AR	Cartilage-hair hypoplasia	Finnish General	1/76 <1/500	99% 99%	1/7501 <1/49901	1/2280304 <1/99802000
duid	AIX	оаннаде-нап нуроргазіа	Amish Finnish	1/16 1/76	99% 99%	1/1501 1/7501	1/96064 1/2280304
RMRP	AR	Metaphyseal dysplasia without hypotrichosis	General Amish Finnish	<1/500 1/16 1/76	99% 99% 99%	<1/49901 1/1501 1/7501	<1/99802000 1/96064 1/2280304
RMRP	AR	Cartilage-Hair Hypoplasia Anauxetic Dysplasia Spectrum	General	<1/500	99%	<1/49901	<1/99802000
UVIU	AIX	Disorder	Amish Finnish	<1/500 <1/500 <1/500	99% 99%	<1/49901 <1/49901	<1/99802000 <1/99802000 <1/99802000
RPE65	AR	Leber congenital amaurosis 2	General	1/228	98%	1/11351	1/10352112
RPE65	AR	Retinitis Pigmentosa 20	General	1/228	98%	1/11351	1/10352112
RTEL1	AR	Dyskeratosis congenita type 5	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/500 1/203	99% 99%	1/49901 1/20201	1/99802000 1/16403212
SACS	AR	Autosomal Recessive Spastic Ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay	General French Canadian	<1/500	95%	<1/9981	<1/19962000
SEPSECS	AR	Pontocerebellar hypoplasia, type 2D	General General	1/19 <1/500	95% 98%	1/361 <1/24951	1/27436 <1/49902000
SERPINA1	AR	Alpha-1-Antitrypsin Deficiency	General European	1/33 1/19	95% 95%	1/641 1/361	1/84612 1/27436
SGCA	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2D	General European Finnish	<1/500 1/288 1/150	98% 98% 98%	<1/24951 1/14351 1/7451	<1/49902000 1/16532352 1/4470600
SGCB	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2E	General European	1/500 1/406	98% 98%	1/24951 1/20251	1/49902000 1/32887624
SGCD	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2F	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
SGCG	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2C	General Moroccan	1/381 1/250	98% 98%	1/19001 1/12451	1/28957524 1/12451000
SGSH	AR	Mucopolysaccharidosis IIIA (Sanfilippo syndrome A)	Roma/Gypsy General	1/96 1/454	98% 98%	1/4751	1/1824384
			European	1/253	98%	1/12601	1/12752212
SLC12A3 SLC12A6	AR AR	Gitelman syndrome Andermann syndrome	General General	1/100 <1/500	98%	1/4951 <1/24951	1/1980400 <1/49902000
SLC17A5	AR	Sialic acid storage disorder	French Canadian General	1/23 <1/500	99% 91%	1/2201 <1/5545	1/202492 <1/11090000
	e ee e		Finnish	1/100	91%	1/1101	1/440400







Gene	Inheritance	Condition	Ethnicity	Carrier frequency	Detection rate	Post test carrier probability*	Post-test probability of having an affected child*
SLC22A5	AR	Systemic primary carnitine deficiency	General African African American East Asian Faroese Pacific Islander South Asian/Indian	1/129 1/86 1/86 1/77 1/9 1/37 1/51	76% 76% 76% 76% 76% 76% 76%	1/534 1/355 1/355 1/318 1/34 1/151 1/209	1/275544 1/122120 1/122120 1/97944 1/1224 1/22348 1/42636
SLC25A13	AR	Citrin deficiency	General East Asian	<1/500 1/65	95% 95%	<1/9981 1/1281	<1/19962000 1/333060
SLC25A15	AR	Hyperornithinemia-hyperammonemia-homocitrullinemia syndrome (Triple H syndrome)	General French Canadian	<1/500 1/37	99% 99%	<1/49901 1/3601	<1/99802000 1/532948
SLC25A20	AR	Carnitine-acylcarnitine translocase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
SLC26A2	AR	Achondrogenesis, type IB	General Finnish	1/158 1/50	90% 90%	1/1571 1/491	1/992872 1/98200
SLC26A2	AR	Atelosteogenesis II	General Finnish	1/158 1/50	90% 90%	1/1571 1/491	1/992872 1/98200
SLC26A2	AR	Diastrophic dysplasia	General Finnish	1/158 1/50	90% 90%	1/1571 1/491	1/992872 1/98200
SLC26A2	AR	Multiple epiphyseal dysplasia 4	General Finnish	1/158 1/50	90% 90%	1/1571 1/491	1/992872 1/98200
SLC26A3	AR	Congenital secretory chloride diarrhea	General Middle-Eastern	<1/500 1/57	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/2801	<1/49902000 1/638628
SLC26A4	AR	Pendred syndrome	General African African American European East Asian	1/80 1/76 1/76 1/88 1/74	98% 98% 98% 98% 98%	1/3951 1/3751 1/3751 1/4351 1/3651	1/1264320 1/1140304 1/1140304 1/1531552 1/1080696
SLC35A3	AR	Arthrogryposis, mental retardation and seizures	General Ashkenazi Jewish	<1/500 1/453	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/22601	<1/49902000 1/40953012
SLC37A4	AR	Glycogen storage disease, type lb	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/158 1/71	95% 95%	1/3141 1/1401	1/1985112 1/397884
SLC39A4	AR	Acrodermatitis enteropathica	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
SLC3A1	AR, DG	Cystinuria: type I	General European	1/50 1/42	98% 98%	1/2451 1/2051	1/490200 1/344568
SLC45A2	AR	Oculocutaneous Albinism: Type IV	General Japanese	1/159 1/146	98% 98%	1/7901 1/7251	1/5025036 1/4234584
SLC4A11	AR	Corneal endothelial dystrophy	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
SLC7A7	AR	Lysinuric protein intolerance	General Finnish Japanese	<1/500 1/122 1/119	95% 95% 95%	<1/9981 1/2421 1/2361	<1/19962000 1/1181448 1/1123836
SLC7A9	AR, DG	Cystinuria: Non-type I	General	1/42	98%	1/2051	1/344568
SMN1	AR	Spinal Muscular Atrophy	General African African American Ashkenazi Jewish European East Asian Latino	1/54 1/72 1/72 1/67 1/47 1/59 1/68	91% 71% 71% 91% 95% 93% 90%	1/590 1/246 1/246 1/734 1/921 1/830 1/671	1/127440 1/70848 1/70848 1/196712 1/173148 1/195880 1/182512
SMPD1	AR	Niemann-Pick disease, type A/B	General Ashkenazi Jewish Latino	1/250 1/115 1/106	95% 95% 95%	1/4981 1/2281 1/2101	1/4981000 1/1049260 1/890824
SRD5A2	AR	5-alpha-reductase deficiency	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
STAR SUMF1	AR AR	Lipoid congenital adrenal hyperplasia Multiple sulfatase deficiency	General General	<1/500 1/500	98% 98%	<1/24951 1/24951	<1/49902000 1/49902000
TAT	AR		Ashkenazi Jewish General	1/320 1/250	98% 98%	1/15951 1/12451	1/20417280
TCIRG1	AR	Tyrosinemia, type II Osteopetrosis, TCIRG1-related	General	1/250	98%	1/12451	1/12451000 1/12451000
TECPR2	AR	Spastic paraplegia 49	General	<1/500	98%	<1/2451	<1/49902000
TFR2	AR	Hemochromatosis, type 3	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
TGM1	AR	Congenital ichthyosis	General	1/224	95%	1/4461	1/3997056
TH	AR	Segawa syndrome	General	1/224	98%	1/11151	1/9991296
TMEM216	AR	Joubert syndrome 2	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/141	98% 98%	1/7001 1/4551	1/3948564 1/1674768
TMEM216	AR	Meckel syndrome 2	General Ashkenazi Jewish	1/141 1/92	98% 98%	1/7001 1/4551	1/3948564 1/1674768
TPP1	AR	Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, TPP1-related	General French Canadian	1/252 1/53	98% 97% 97%	1/8368 1/1734	1/8434944 1/367608
TRIM32	AR	Bardet- Biedl syndrome 11	General	<1/500	98%	<1/24951	<1/49902000
TRIM32	AR	Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2H	Hutterite General	1/12 <1/500	98% 98%	1/551 <1/24951	1/26448 <1/49902000
		Liver failure, acute infantile	Hutterite	1/12 <1/500	98% 98%	1/551 <1/24951	1/26448 <1/49902000







Gene Inheritance Condition Ethnicity Carrier Detection Post test carrier Post-test probability of frequency probability* having an affected child** TSEN54 AR Pontocerebellar hypoplasia, TSEN54-related General 1/250 98% 1/12451 1/12451000 TTC37 AR Trichohepatoenteric syndrome General 1/500 98% 1/24951 1/49902000 <1/49902000 TTPA Ataxia with isolated vitamin E deficiency <1/500 <1/24951 AR General 98% 1/2841948 European 1/267 90% 1/2661 TYMP AR Mitochondrial neurogastrointestinal encephalopathy (MNGIE) General <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 TYR AR Oculocutaneous Albinsim: Type I General 1/100 98% 1/4951 1/1980400 TYRP1 AR Oculocutaneous Albinsim: Type 3 General <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 African 1/47 98% 1/2301 1/432588 UGT1A1 AR Crigler-Najjar syndrome General <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 USH1C 90% 1/3521 1/4971652 AR Non-syndromic hearing loss, USH1C-related General 1/353 French Canadian 1/227 90% 1/2261 1/2052988 USH1C Usher syndrome, type IC General 1/353 90% 1/3521 1/4971652 French Canadian 1/227 90% 1/2261 1/2052988 USH2A AR Usher syndrome, type 2A General 1/126 96% 1/3126 1/1575504 European 1/73 96% 1/1801 1/525892 VPS13A AR Choreoacanthocytosis <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 General VPS13B AR Cohen syndrome General <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 VPS53 Pontocerebellar hypoplasia VPS53 Related AR General <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 Morrocan Jewish 1/37 98% 1/266548 1/1801 VRK1 AR Pontocerebellar hypoplasia type 1A VRK1 Related General <1/500 98% <1/24951 <1/49902000 VSX2 AR Microphthalmia with or without coloboma General 1/91 98% 1/4501 1/1638364 WRN AR Werner Syndrome General 1/308 98% 1/15351 1/18912432 1/2486848 1/112 European 98% 1/5551 1/71 98% 1/3501 1/994284 Japanese

General

General

Japanese

1/500

1/74

1/500

99%

99%

99%

1/49901

1/7301

1/49901

1/99802000

1/2161096

1/99802000

AR

AR

XPA

XPC

Xeroderma pigmentosum, group A

Xeroderma pigmentosum, group C

^{*}For genes that have tested negative

^{**}For genes that have tested negative and reproductive couple not tested. Abbrevations: AR, autosomal recessive, XL, X-Linked, DG, digenic